



COMMUNITY CITIZEN FAMILY VISA (ESC CODE)

(Serves for family reunification with a Spanish citizen or European citizen residing in Spain)

REQUIREMENTS (for greater agility in your application, bring the documentation in this order)

1. **RATE** :This visa its rate is free, rate of BLS 10,000 CFAS in cash.
2. **ISA FORMS:**
TWO (2) forms of "Schengen visa application" correctly completed, signed and dated. (IMPORTANT to state –address, telephone and email for notifications)
3. **PHOTOGRAPHS:**
Two (2) Photographs recent passport size on a white background, pasted in the box for the purpose of each form: size 3x4cm, with the face fully uncovered and looking straight ahead.
4. **PASSPORT OF THE VISA APPLICANT (original and copy):**
Passport , preferably with a minimum validity of 1 year of the visa applicant. It will be accompanied by a photocopy of the biographical page of the passport, in which the photograph and the applicant's data appear.
5. **PHOTOCOPY OF THE VISA APPLICANT'S IDENTITY DOCUMENT** Photocopy of the national identity document of the applicant from Gambian). **Mandatory from visa** (Senegalese either **12 years in Senegal and 18 years in The Gambia.**
6. **PHOTOCOPY OF THE IDENTITY DOCUMENT AND PASSPORT OF THE COMMUNITY CITIZEN**
7. **LITERAL SPANISH OR EUROPEAN BIRTH CERTIFICATE:** Where the data of obtaining nationality is stated (if applicable)
8. **PROVE THAT THE SPANISH OR EU CITIZEN 1) RESIDES IN SPAIN OR THAT 2) WILL TRAVEL WITH THE VISA APPLICANT TO SPAIN:**

Documentation proving that the Spanish or European Union Citizen who generates the right 1) resides in Spain or 2) travels to our country (article 2 RD 240/2007).
 1. **Who resides in Spain:**Registration certificate and also, in the case of citizens of a Member State of the EU, EEA and Switzerland, a photocopy of the Residence Card or similar certificate proving residence in Spain must be presented
 2. **If you travel with a community citizen to Spain:**provide joint flight reservations to Spain with the community citizen (no confirmed flights until you have the visa).
9. **WILL OF THE COMMUNITY CITIZEN (article 2 RD 240/2007):**

The will of the community citizen must be expressed stating that said relative will "travel with him" or "meet with him", as the case may be (the word reunite may be substituted with: live, reside, live permanently and other synonyms), this Will must be expressed by means of one of the following documents:



For children, own or of the spouse or, for husband or wife) or, for father or mother of a Spanish citizen.

- **NOTARIAL ACT in Spain:** Will of the community citizen carried out outside this Consular Section, will be in accordance with what is described in the previous paragraph, that is, that the words "travel" or "meet" (or synonyms) appear with the community citizen, depending on the case), this document is commonly made before a notary in Spain (family reunification certificate model is attached).

ATTENTION: in the case of a notarial certificate of a spouse with a foreign marriage, and which has NOT yet been registered in the Spanish Civil Registry, there is a specific model available and it is posted on our website (notarial certificate for marriage NOT registered)

- **RESPONSIBLE- SWORN STATEMENT**(may replace the notarial deed of the previous point): Will of the community citizen carried out in this Consular Section: this will will be signed only in the event that the Spanish citizen or European citizen requests it in this Consulate General, and will be valid if it is signed In front of an official, also, of this General Consulate of Spain in Dakar (request a form in this Consular Section at the time of requesting a visa) (it will only be signed by people who have an appointment in a period of less than three months).

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE, DEPENDING ON THE CASE, THEY MUST SUBMIT THE SPECIFIC DOCUMENTS ACCORDING TO THE TYPE OF COMMUNITY FAMILY MEMBER

10. SPECIFIC DOCUMENTS ACCORDING TO THE TYPE OF FAMILY MEMBER:

<p>IN THE CASE OF SPOUSE (HUSBAND OR WIFE)</p> <p>with marriage registered in the Spanish Civil Registry:</p> <p>Article 2 Royal Decree 240/2007</p>	<p>Literal marriage certificate issued by the Civil Registry issued a maximum of three months before the visa application (original and copy), in the event that the community citizen is Spanish, the marriage certificate must be from the Spanish Civil Registry.</p> <p>In the case of a community citizen registered in the Civil Registry of their European country.</p>
<p>(MARRIAGE FOREIGN DOMESTIC PARTNER) <small>EITHER</small></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • THE DOMESTIC PARTNER WITH WHOM YOU HAVE A RELATIONSHIP STABLE PROVEN • FOREIGN MARRIAGE NOT YET REGISTERED IN THE SPANISH CIVIL REGISTRY <p>Article 2 bis RD 240/2007</p>	<p>"It will be considered that it is a stable couple that proves the existence of a lasting bond"</p> <p>The spouses (husband or wife) of Spanish citizens or EU citizens who are married abroad and who are in the process of registering the marriage in the Spanish Civil Registry or in the European Civil Registry could be considered to be in this situation. plan to register it in the Civil Registry (obligation of all Spanish citizens article 43 Law 20/11 of Civil Registry).</p> <p>This stable relationship or lasting link with documents will be VALUED with the maximum of the documents listed below:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Verbatim Senegalese marriage certificate with the option of monogamy or Gambian civil marriage certificate held at the Ministry of Justice in Banjul OR registration of a domestic partnership in the Register of Domestic Partnerships. (APOSTILLED SENEGALES, LEGALIZED GAMBIAN + translation + all in original and copy) 2. Certificate from the Spanish Civil Registry stating that the registration of said marriage is in process.



	<ol style="list-style-type: none">3. Evidence of life and status stating that the Spanish or EU citizen is single, widowed or divorced.4. In the case of divorcees, previous marriage certificate stating the divorce registration5. In the case of widows, death registration certificate of the previous spouse.6. Birth certificates of the children in common, if any, with their identity documents7. Photographs of said relationship, wedding, joint trips, etc...8. Documents that prove cohabitation or joint property documents, invoices, trips in common, etc...9. Dependency of the Spanish or community citizen (if applicable): That they live in charge (in the event that the dependency is economic.) It will be demonstrated by: receipts of sending money where the name of the community citizen or community spouse will appear to this descendant (son) where the name and surname of the person who sends (EU citizen or spouse), as well as the one who receives (the child, the one who requests the visa). Example, proof of money transfers through MoneyGram, Western Union or bank certificate, etc...). In the case of family members, the degree of financial or physical dependence will be assessed, the degree of kinship with the citizen of a Member State of the European Union or of other States party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area, and, where appropriate, , the seriousness of the illness or disability that makes your personal care necessary (it will be documented)
<p>to their descendants direct (CHILDREN) and those of your spouse (husband or wife) or your registered partner</p> <p>(up to 21 years)</p> <p>Article 2 Royal Decree 240/2007</p>	<p>Civil Registry documents that prove the birth of the visa applicant duly APOSTILLED (Senegal) or legalized (Gambia):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">➤ For SENEGALESE CHILDREN:<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Birth Certificate <u>inextract</u> and2. Birth certificate <u>literal</u> , Accompanied by3. <u>Family Book</u> married parents or <u>single certificate</u> if they are not married<p>They will be presented in originals and copies duly APOSTILLED (NOT LEGALIZED) and translated into Spanish (<u>See note at the end of these requirements on translations and legalizations</u>)</p>➤ For GAMBIAN CHILDREN: Certificate of <u>Birth</u> duly legalized and translated in original and copy. (<u>See note at the end of these requirements on translations and legalizations</u>)➤ For CHILDREN OF other nationalities: Civil Registry documents of the birth of the visa applicant duly legalized and translated. <p>If the children are under 18 years of age Notarial authorization from the other parent will be required, whether in Senegal, Gambia or</p>



	<p>in Spain. In the event of death or, in the case of sole judicial parental authority or in the case of a single mother, the documentation that proves it will be attached (duly APOSTILLED (Senegal) legalized (Gambia) and translated, accompanied by a copy)</p>
<p>TO their decedents direct (CHILDREN) And to those of your spouse (husband or wife) or your registered partner</p> <p>Over 21 years of age who depend on the citizen Spanish or EU citizen residing in Spain</p> <p>Article 2. Royal Decree 240/2007</p>	<p>THE SAME CIVIL REGISTRY DOCUMENTS AS IN THE PREVIOUS SECTION AND IN ADDITION:</p> <p>As long as the agreement or the declaration of nullity of the marriage bond, divorce or legal separation has not been made, or the registry registration of the couple has been canceled and with the essential condition, that is, that they live at their expense, or are incapable.</p> <p>Present ALL the following supporting documents: (important, original and photocopy)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Marriage certificate or domestic partnership certificate of the parents with a maximum age of three months. in case of being Spanish, the Spanish civil registry certificate.2. Depending on the case, they must demonstrate:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• That they live exclusively in charge (in the event that the dependency is economic.) It will be demonstrated by: receipts of sending money where the name of the community citizen or community spouse will appear to this descendant (son) where the name and surname of the who sends (EU citizen or spouse), as well as the one who receives (the child, the person applying for the visa). Example, proof of money transfers through MoneyGram, Western Union or bank certificate, etc...).• In the case of family members, the degree of financial or physical dependence will be assessed, the degree of kinship with the citizen of a Member State of the European Union or of other States party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area, and, where appropriate, , the seriousness of the illness or disability that makes your personal care necessary (it will be documented)
<p><u>IF PARENTS OR MOTHERS OR OTHERS RELATIVES WHO ARE TO POST OF THE SPANISH CITIZEN OR EU CITIZEN WHO RESIDES IN SPAIN</u></p> <p>Article 2 bis RD 240/2007</p>	<p>Civil Registry documents that demonstrate the family relationship between the Spanish or European citizen in the event that they are not recorded (civil registry documents of the birth of the resident in Spain) duly legalized and translated.</p> <p>➤ Civil Registry documents of the Spanish citizen or EU citizen residing in Spain:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Birth Certificate literal of Spanish birth2. Foreign birth certificate if the Spanish or community citizen was a foreigner at birth <p>➤ Civil Registry documents of the visa applicant.</p>



	<p>Foreign documents must be presented in originals and copies duly legalized and translated into Spanish (<u>See note at the end of these requirements on translations and legalizations</u>)</p> <p>FURTHERMORE, dependence on the Spanish or Community citizen must be demonstrated:</p> <p>Depending on the case, they must demonstrate:</p> <p>That they live exclusively in charge (in the event that the dependency is economic.) It will be demonstrated by: receipts of sending money where the name of the community citizen or community spouse will appear to this descendant (son) where the name and surname of the who sends (EU citizen or spouse), as well as the one who receives (the child, the person applying for the visa). Example, proof of money transfers through MoneyGram, Western Union or bank certificate, etc...).</p> <p>In the case of family members, the degree of financial or physical dependence will be assessed, the degree of kinship with the citizen of a Member State of the European Union or of other States party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area, and, where appropriate, , the seriousness of the illness or disability that makes your personal care necessary (it will be documented)</p> <p>In the case of ascendants of the Spouse or common-law partner provided that the agreement or declaration of nullity of the marriage bond, divorce or legal separation, or the couple's registration has been cancelled, it must be documented</p>
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IMPORTANT INFORMATION
ALL DOCUMENTS SUBMITTED WILL BE SUBMITTED
IN ORIGINAL AND COPY

APOSTILLE (mandatory) (Legalization is not allowed):

In SENEGAL:All Senegalese documents presented must be apostilled:

- birth certificates in verbatim and extract (extrait du registre des actes de naissance et copy litterale d'actes de naissance)
- Marriage certificates (certificat de mariage)
- family book (livret de famille)

THEY WILL BE APOSTILLED INthe legalization service of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Senegal.

In the GAMBIA:All Gambian documents presented must be legalized:

- Birth certificate
- Marriage certificate (married certificate)

IT WILL BE LEGALIZED INthe legalization service of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Gambia and later at the Embassy of the Gambia in Dakar.

mandatory TRANSLATION:

Translations of original foreign documents (Senegal, The Gambia, etc.) must necessarily carry a translation into Spanish (article 15 Law 39/2015) the following will be accepted:



1. Those carried out by a sworn translator in Spain
2. Those carried out by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Senegal, which must also be legalized by that same Ministry.
3. Those legalized by the Gambian Embassy in Dakar.

INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS:Incomplete or defective applications may not be accepted for processing, therefore, if that were the case, you would be summoned for a new visa application appointment.

PERSONAL INTERVIEW:The Consulate General may require, if deemed necessary, the appearance of the visa applicant at its offices to carry out an interview, as well as the provision of any other documentation deemed appropriate.

DOCUMENTARY FRAUD:The Consulate General recalls that the Immigration Regulations emphasize that "a visa will be denied", among other things, "when, to substantiate the request, false documents or inaccurate allegations have been presented, or there is bad faith". Given that numerous cases of document fraud have been detected, it is noted that special attention is paid to the authenticity of all documents presented and that the Authorities of Senegal and The Gambia are contacted in order to detect falsifications.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- The applicant must enter Spain during the validity period of the visa. The date on which you enter Spain must necessarily appear in your passport.
- Within one month of entering Spain, the holder of a residence visa must personally apply for a foreigner's identity card at the Immigration Office of the province where they reside.

THIS INFORMATION IS NOT BINDING AND DOES NOT ALTER OR SUBSTITUTE THE CONTENT OF THE CURRENT REGULATIONS, WHICH SHALL BE APPLICABLE IN ALL CASES.